IN THE CLAIMS

The claims of the present application are listed below, marked with the changes to be made by the present amendment.

1. (Currently Amended) A method for visualization of data knowledge on a computer, comprising the steps of:

performing data mining of data to generate rules;

representing said rules as objects in a three-dimensional space, said rules being displayed in at least one group with a rule having a highest strength being represented in a prominent position in said at least one group;

displaying said three-dimensional space on a graphical user interface; and permitting using navigation and zooming in said three-dimensional space using a computer input apparatus.

- 2. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said step of representing represents all rules generated during said data mining as objects in the three-dimensional space.
- 3. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said step of representing represents less than all rules generated during said data mining.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said rules are represented as spheres in the three-dimensional space on the graphical user interface, and said spheres of said at least one group are displayed in spiral arrangement.
- 5.(Original) A method as claimed in claim 4, wherein said spheres have a size representing a relative number of examples covered by the corresponding rule.
 - 6.(Original) A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step:

displaying information on a rule upon selection of a three-dimensional object corresponding to the rule.

- 7. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 6, wherein said displaying step displays an index of the corresponding rule.
- 8. (Currently Amended) A method for cleansing noise from data, comprising the steps of:

generating objects for display representing rules obtained by data mining in a database; grouping the objects according to rule class;

positioning objects within a group according to rule strength; and

filtering out rules of lesser strength from said display of objects, including the sub-steps of:

acquisition of a concept by a concept learner;

evaluation of learned class descriptions and detection of concept components;

optimization of class descriptions according to predetermined criteria of class

description evaluation; and

formulation of a filter for modified concept descriptions and filtration of training data.

- 9. (Original) A method as claimed in claim 8; further comprising the steps of: applying a closed loop learning approach;
- running a learning program at least two times including a first run to acquire model descriptions and a second run to acquire detailed descriptions; and

using filtered training data on said second run.

- 10. (New) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said computer input apparatus is a computer keyboard and mouse-like apparatus.
- 11. (New) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said rule having a highest strength is displayed at a center of said at least one group.

- 12. (New) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said rules of said at least one group are displayed as a spiral arrangement of spheres, said rules of lesser strength being displayed at outer portions of said spiral arrangement.
- 13. (New) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said at least one group is a plurality of groups, each of said plurality of groups being represented as classes of rules.
- 14. (New) A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the step of: upon selection of one of said objects corresponding to a rule, displaying raw data covered by the rule.
- 15. (New) A method as claimed in claim 14, wherein said displaying step displays the raw data as a projection on a graph.
- 16. (New) A method as claimed in claim 1, further comprising the steps of: selectively displaying walls of the three-dimensional space; and selectively displaying a floor of the three-dimensional space.
- 17. (New) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said rules are generated by an inferencing engine.
- 18. (New) A software program operable on a computer to carry out a method for visualization of data knowledge on a computer, comprising the steps of: performing data mining of data to generate rules; representing said rules as objects in a three-dimensional space; and permitting using navigation and zooming in said three-dimensional space.